



Department of  
Agriculture and Food



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# Bureau of Meteorology climate forecasting - the move to POAMA modelling

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Bureau of Meteorology

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Bureau of Meteorology



# This talk?

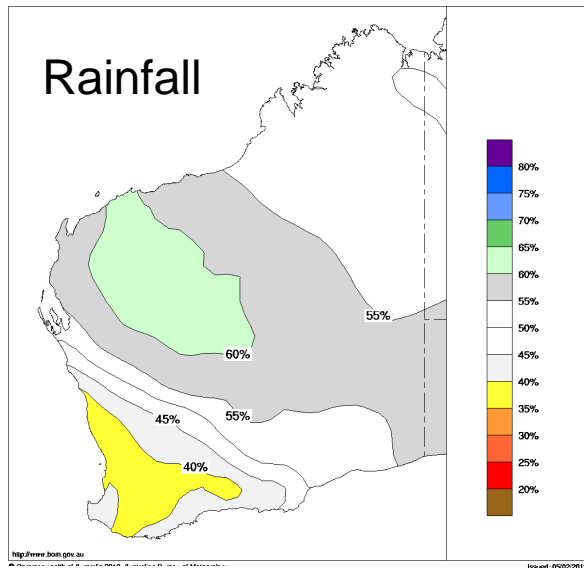
- Current Seasonal Outlooks
- Dynamical Climate Forecasts
- The Future for Climate Forecasts



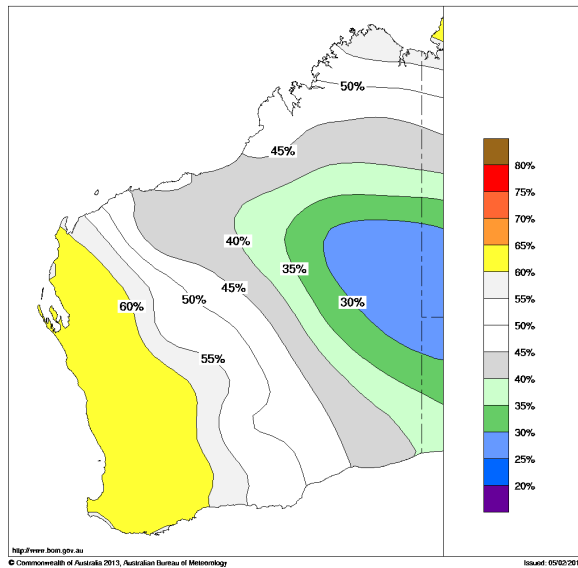
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# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

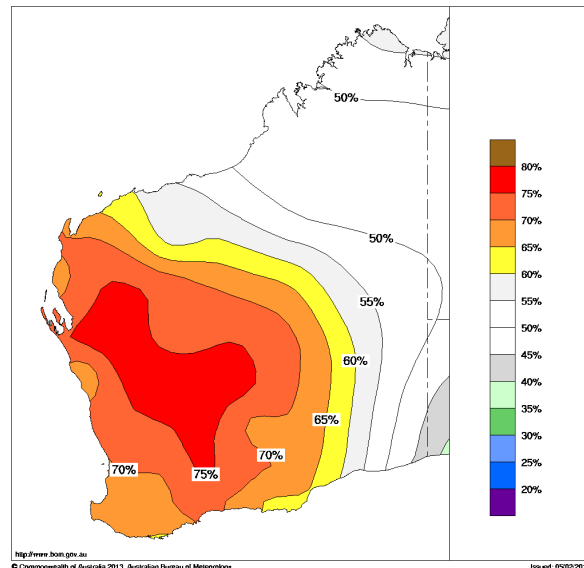
Chance of exceeding the median Rainfall March to May 2013  
Product of the National Climate Centre



Chance of exceeding the median Max Temp. March to May 2013  
Product of the National Climate Centre



Chance of exceeding the median Min Temp. March to May 2013  
Product of the National Climate Centre



Maximum  
Temperature

Minimum  
Temperature

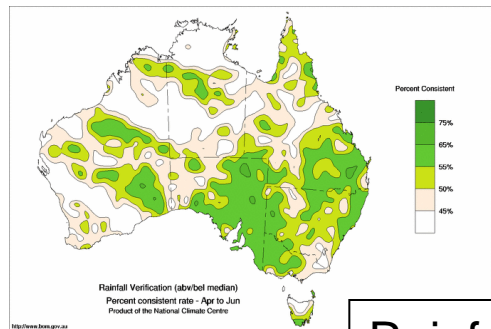


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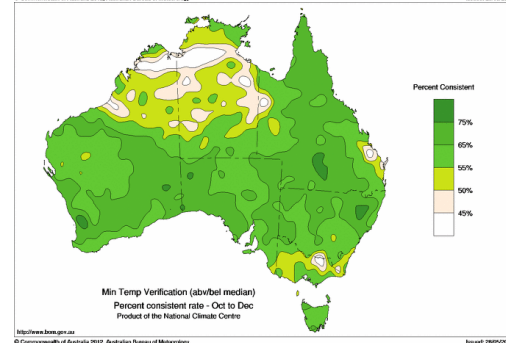
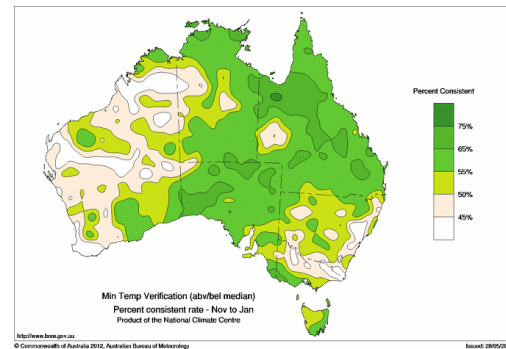
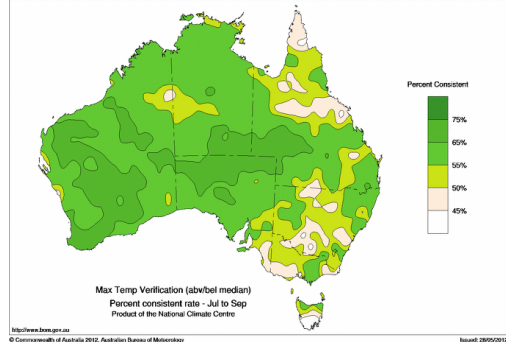
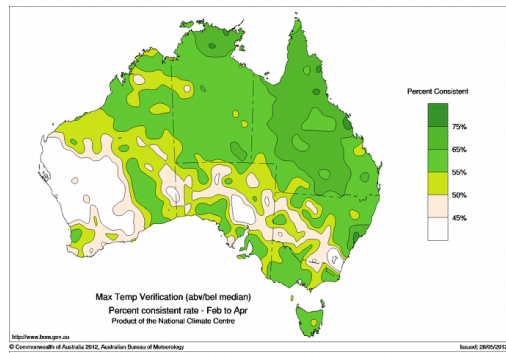
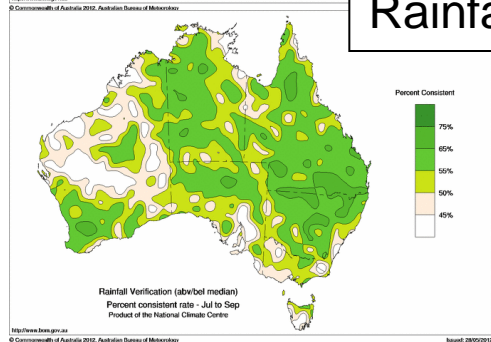
# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

## skill?

### Maximum Temperature



### Rainfall



### Minimum Temperature



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# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

## a brief history at the Bureau

- 1907 to late 80s - 80 years of trying!
- 1989 – Rainfall based on SOI (Southern Oscillation Index)
- 1998 – Based on Sea Surface Temperatures
- 2000 – Temperature Outlooks commence

Current scheme has operated ~ 15 years



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# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

## Statistical Schemes

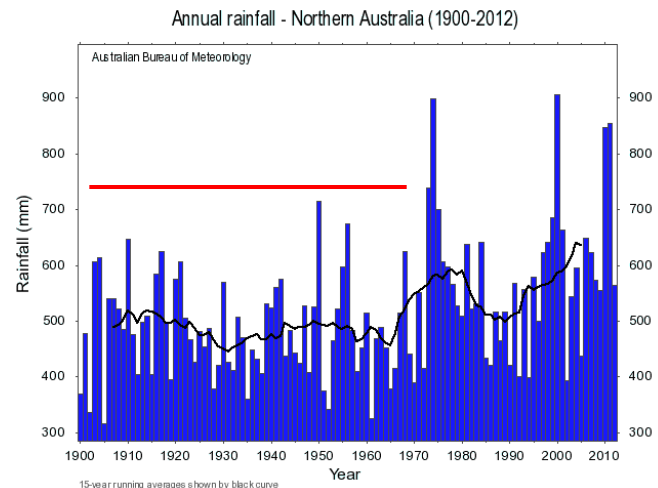
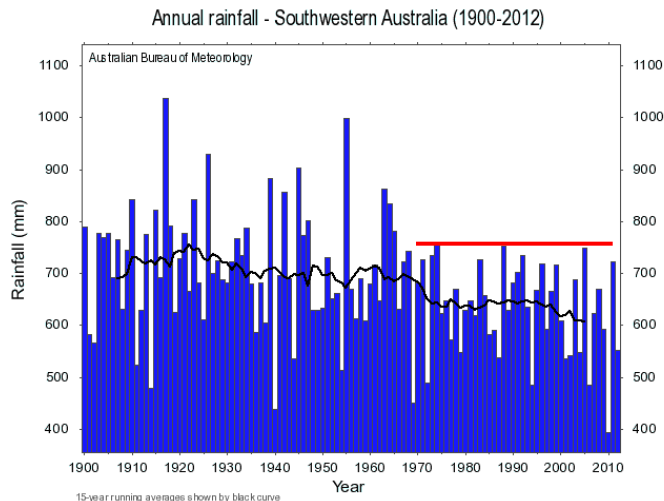
- The current Bureau scheme uses past data (statistics) to try to predict future climate
- This can only work if:
  - There is a good relationship between the predictor (SSTs) and the predictand (rainfall/temperature)
  - There is little or no change to the relationship



# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

## Statistical Schemes

# But?



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Statistical forecasts have trouble predicting  
what they haven't seen before!

# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

## Statistical Schemes

- There are concerns about the Bureau's current scheme because there is significant evidence that Australian climate has changed
- There is little likelihood that further research will significantly improve the skill (and in fact the skill will likely decline)





# Seasonal Climate Outlooks

Well where to now?

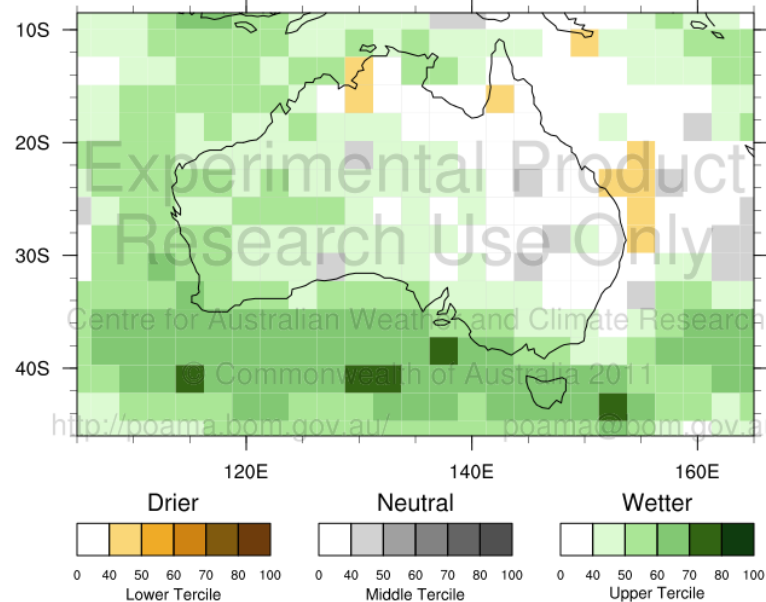


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## Precipitation / Rainfall Tercile Probabilities

Start Date: 2013-02-14

Region: Australia  
Period: (MAM) 01/03/2013 to 31/05/2013



Climatology: years from 1981 to 2010 with mmdd = 0211

Created: 2013-02-15 21:05:30 +0000

Resource: ma\_ / season



# Dynamical Climate Forecasts

## Dynamical Climate Models

- Similar to weather forecast models but run at lower spatial resolutions and longer time-steps (days instead of hours)
- Incorporate our knowledge of the physics of the atmosphere and oceans
- Can make predictions for periods of weeks/months/seasons
- Can include greenhouse gases (climate change predictions), chemistry (ozone layer), etc.



# Dynamical Climate Forecasts

## Predictive Ocean Atmosphere Model for Australia (POAMA)

- Under development over the past 10 years
- Currently producing El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO) and Great Barrier Reef coral bleaching forecasts operationally
- Experimentally producing climate forecasts for Australia: <http://poama.bom.gov.au/>

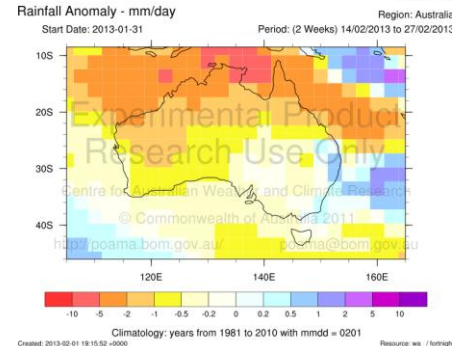
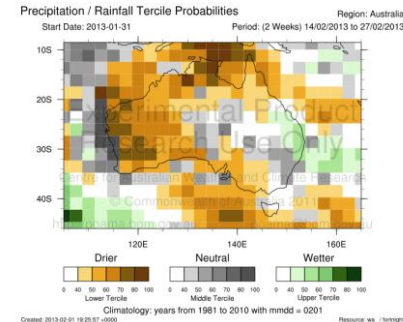
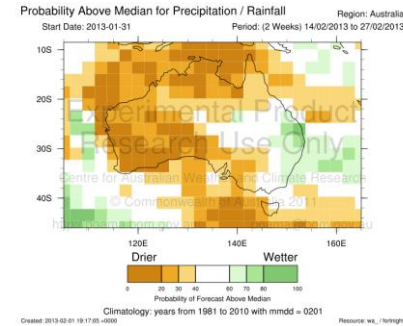


# POAMA

- Forecasts produced weekly
- Rainfall, Maximum & Minimum Temperature, Pressure, OLR (Cloud), etc.
- 1, 2, 3 weeks; 1, 2, 3 fortnights; 1, 2, 3 months; 1, 2, 3 seasons
- Probabilities (above median, terciles ) and mean anomalies (amount  $\uparrow$  or  $\downarrow$  average)



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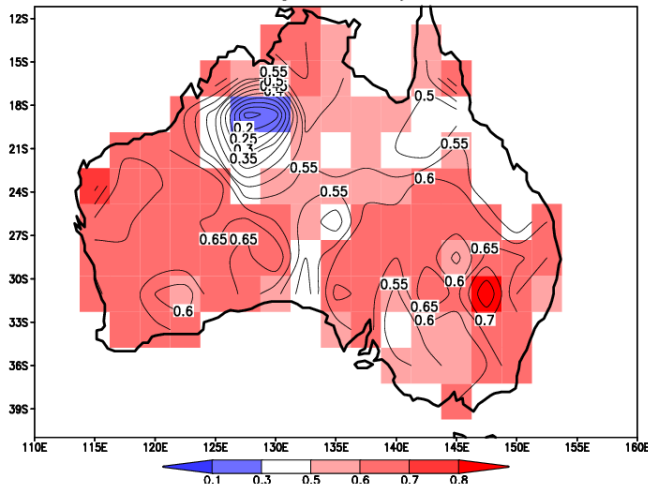


# POAMA

## Skill?

Week 3 & 4 June rainfall  
(% consistent)

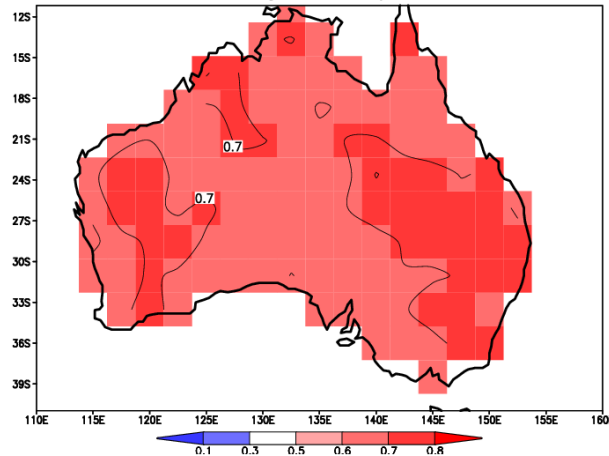
Area-averaged accuracy = 0.585



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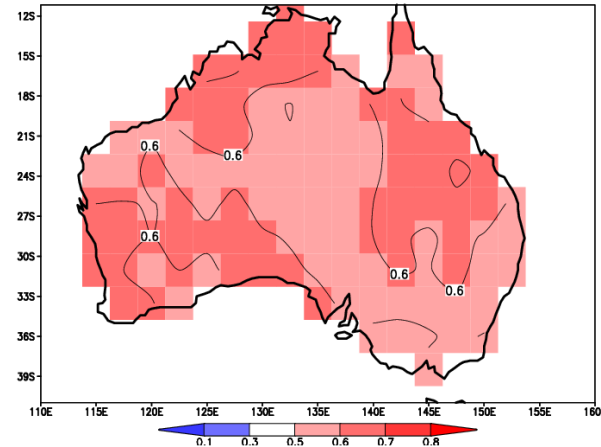
Month 1 (any month)  
maximum temperature  
(% consistent)

Area-averaged accuracy = 0.694



Season 1 (any season)  
minimum temperature  
(% consistent)

Area-averaged accuracy = 0.598



# POAMA Skill?

- Useful skill is being observed
- Skill is beginning to exceed that of the current Seasonal Climate Outlooks
- Future developments with POAMA are very likely to improve skill further (just like we have seen with weather forecast models)

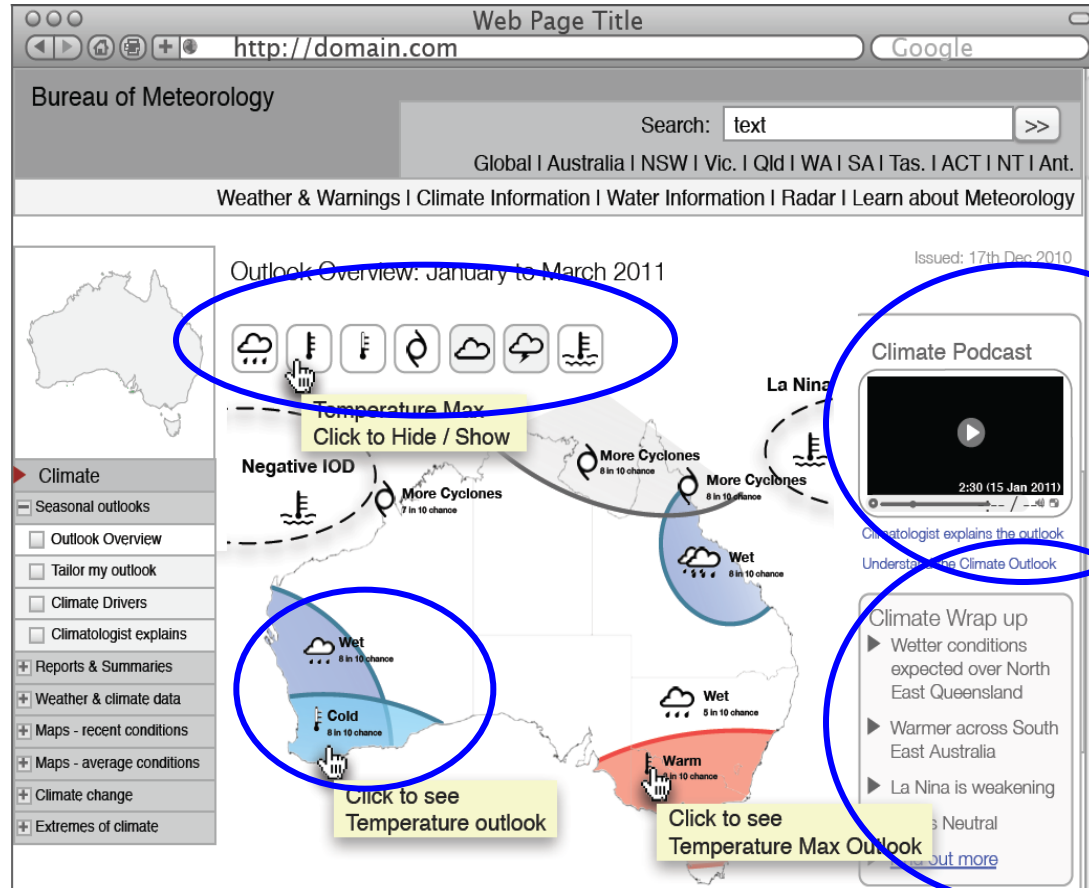


# Future of Climate Forecasts

- Bureau will adopt POAMA as the basis of its climate forecast scheme and retire the statistical scheme (in the next 12 months?)
- More tailored user friendly products will replace the current products based on extensive user consultation



# Future of Climate Forecasts



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# Key messages

- Dynamical climate forecasts have the potential to provide more useful and increasingly skilful products with obvious financial benefits
- They are the future of climate forecasting
- POAMA is expected to become the basis for the Bureau's climate forecast system within the next year or so





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# Questions?

[poama.bom.gov.au](http://poama.bom.gov.au)

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