

Soil amelioration

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Soil issues and management

Soil acidity (*Most severe - \$1.6 billion/yr loss in potential across WA*)

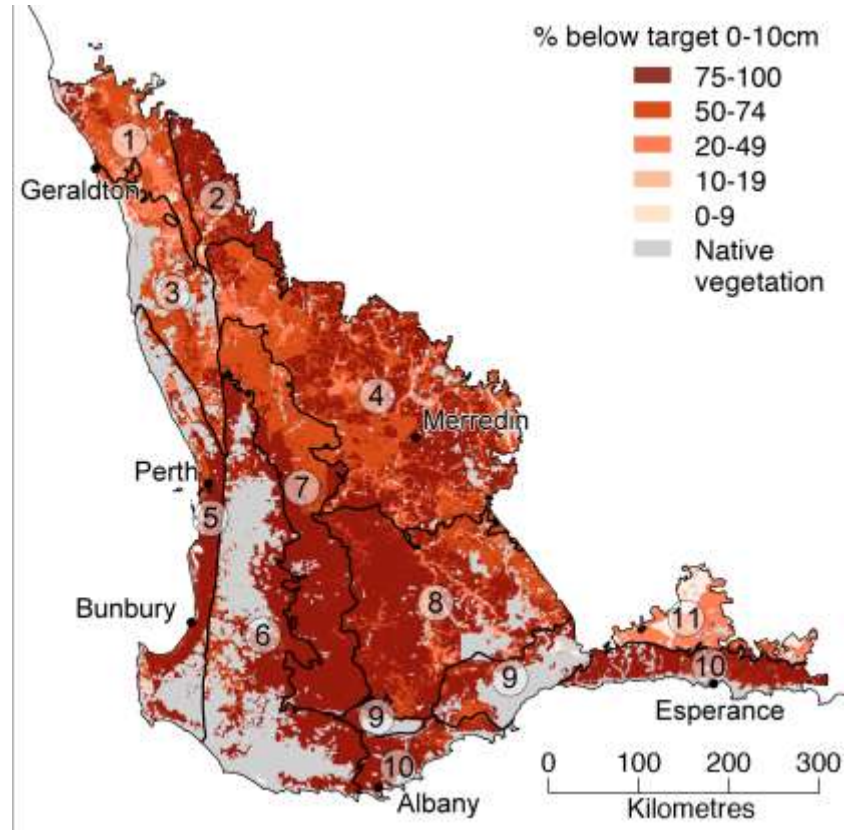
Soil compaction (*\$0.9 billion/yr*)

Non-wetting soils

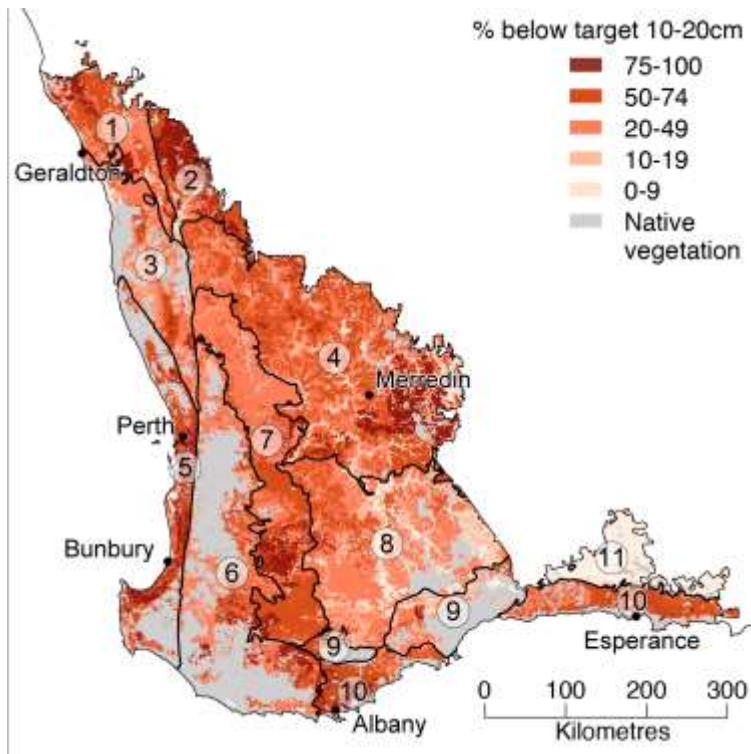
“Killing two birds with one stone” through the use of suitable lime application followed by suitable tillage implements

Extra benefits such as weed control

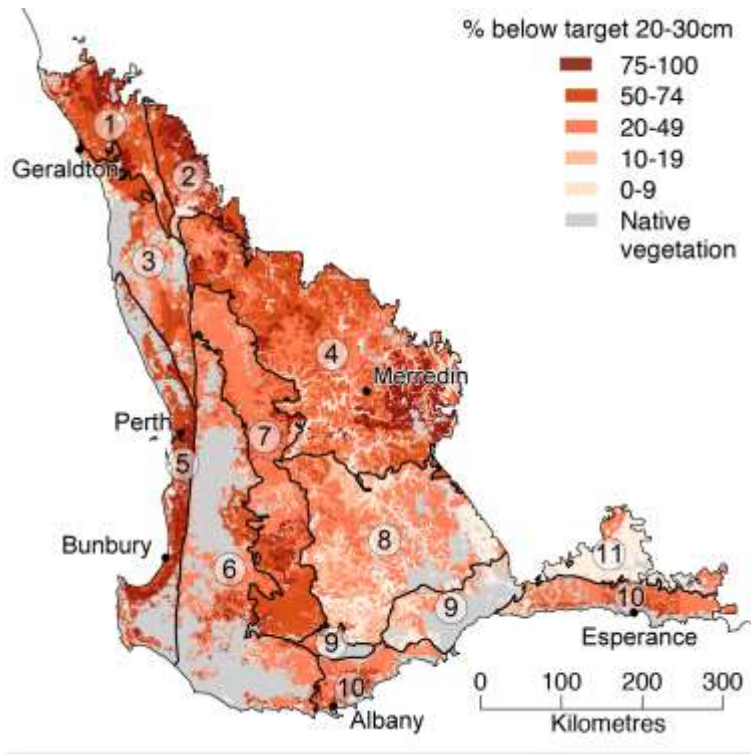
Topsoil (pH<5.5)



Midsoil (pH<4.8)



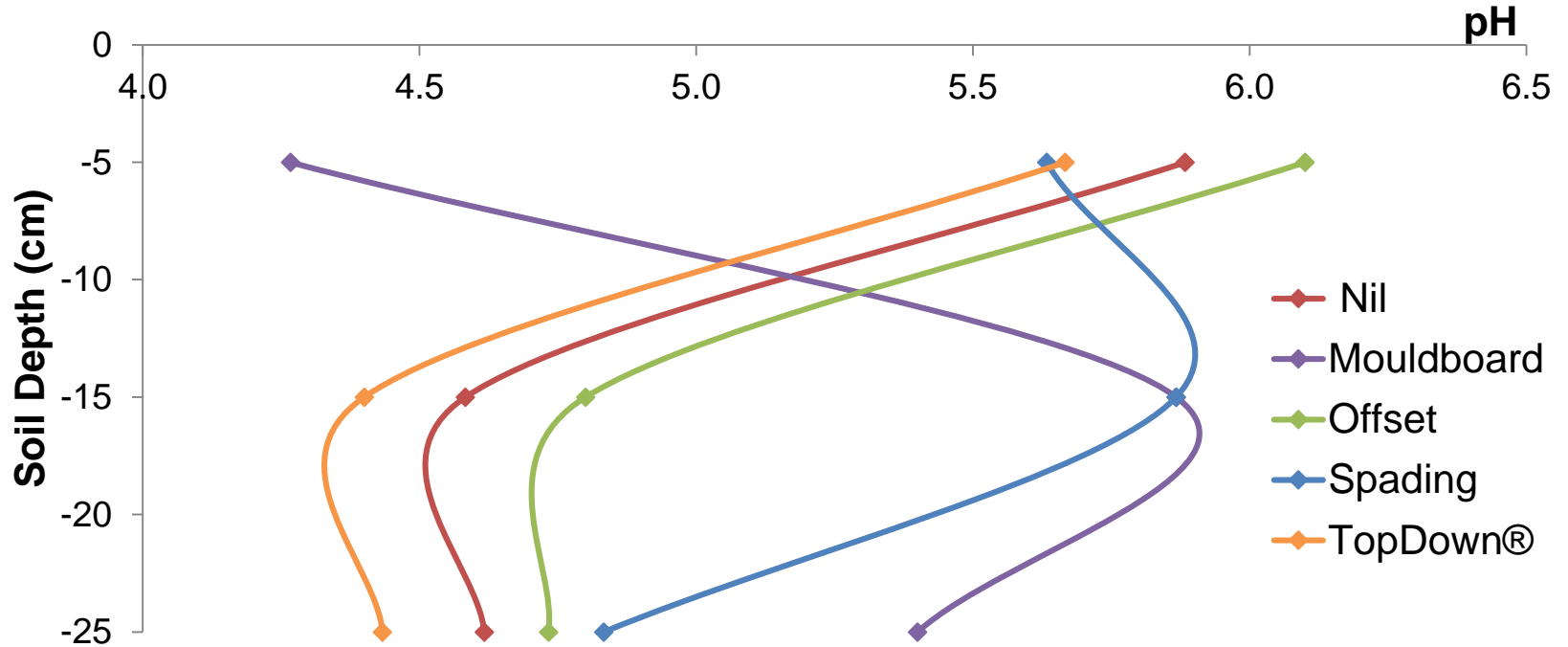
Subsoil (pH<4.8)



Incorporation implement	Approximate cost range (\$/ha)	Typical working depth (cm)	Depth of lime incorporation achieved (cm)
Offsets	\$40/ha	10-15	10-15
Deep ripping	\$45-55/ha	30-40	10-15, variable
Shallow-leading tyne ripping	\$40-50/ha	40-50	10-15
One-way plough	\$30-40/ha	15-25	15-25
Ripper with inclusion plates	\$45-55/ha	30-40	20-25
TopDown® plough	\$100-150/ha?	20-35	20-25
Large offsets	\$50-60/ha	24-25	24-25
Deeper ripper	\$60-70/ha?	40-60	23-25
Rotary spader	\$120-150/ha	28-35	28-35
Mouldboard plough	\$100-150/ha	28-35	28-35

Deep yellow sandy earth

2 t/ha lime incorporated in deep yellow loamy sand

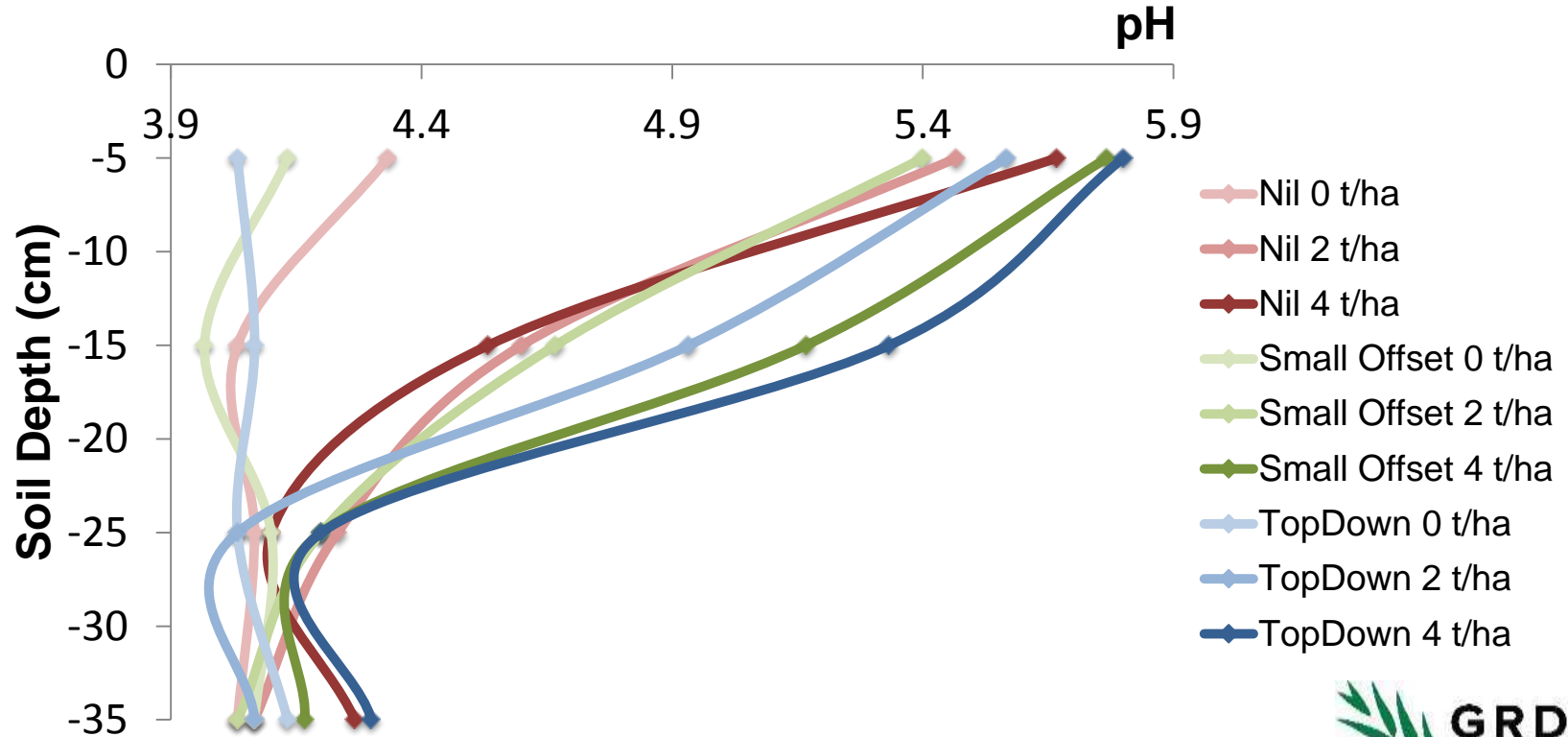


Return on Investment after 1 year (2014 - \$300/t)

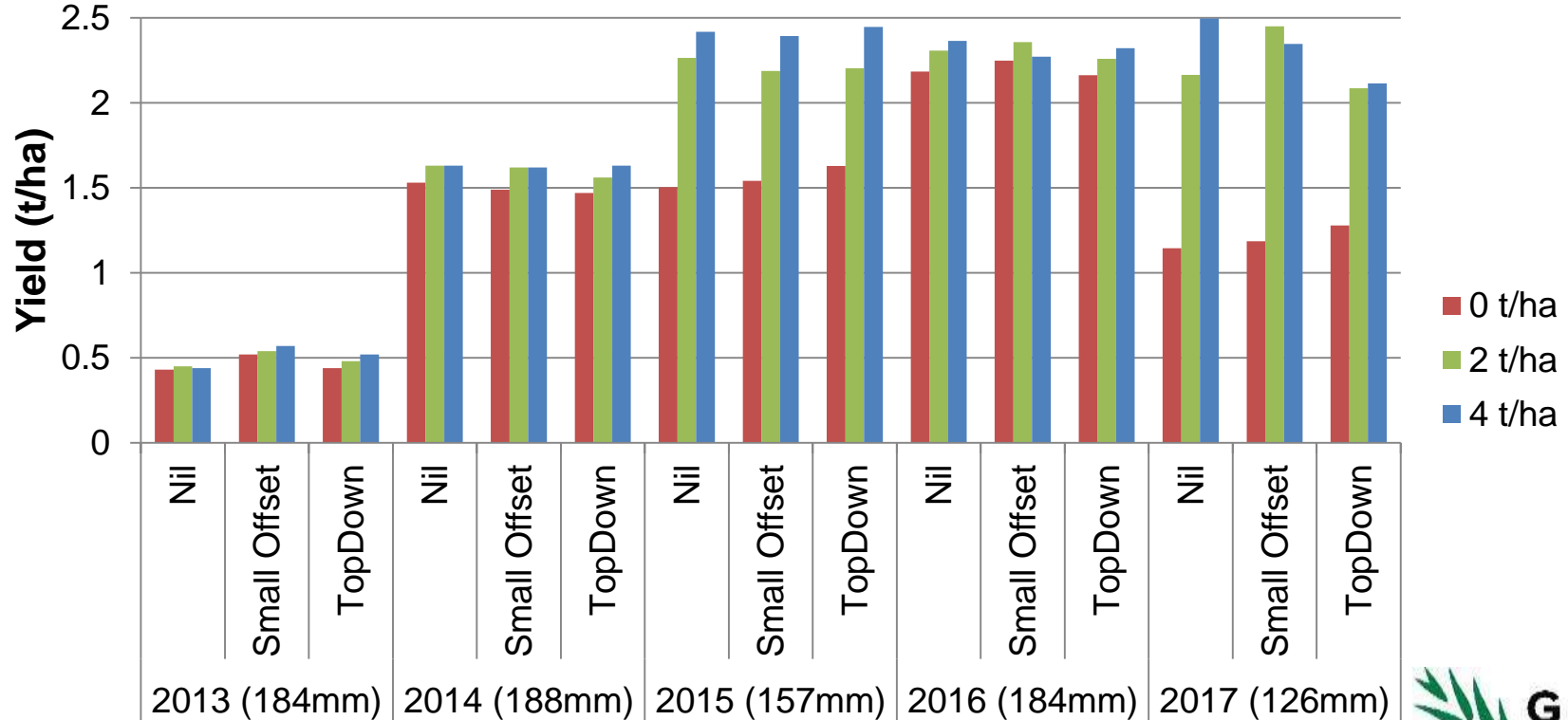
Tillage Treatment	Cost (\$/ha)	Yield (t/ha)	ROI (\$/ha)	Net Benefit (\$/ha)
Nil	0	1.06	0	0
Mouldboard	125	1.51	1.08	10
Spading	135	1.56	1.11	15
TopDown®	125	1.66	1.44	55
Offset	40	1.29	1.72	29
<i>+2 t/ha Lime</i>	<i>100</i>	<i>1.42</i>	<i>1.08</i>	8

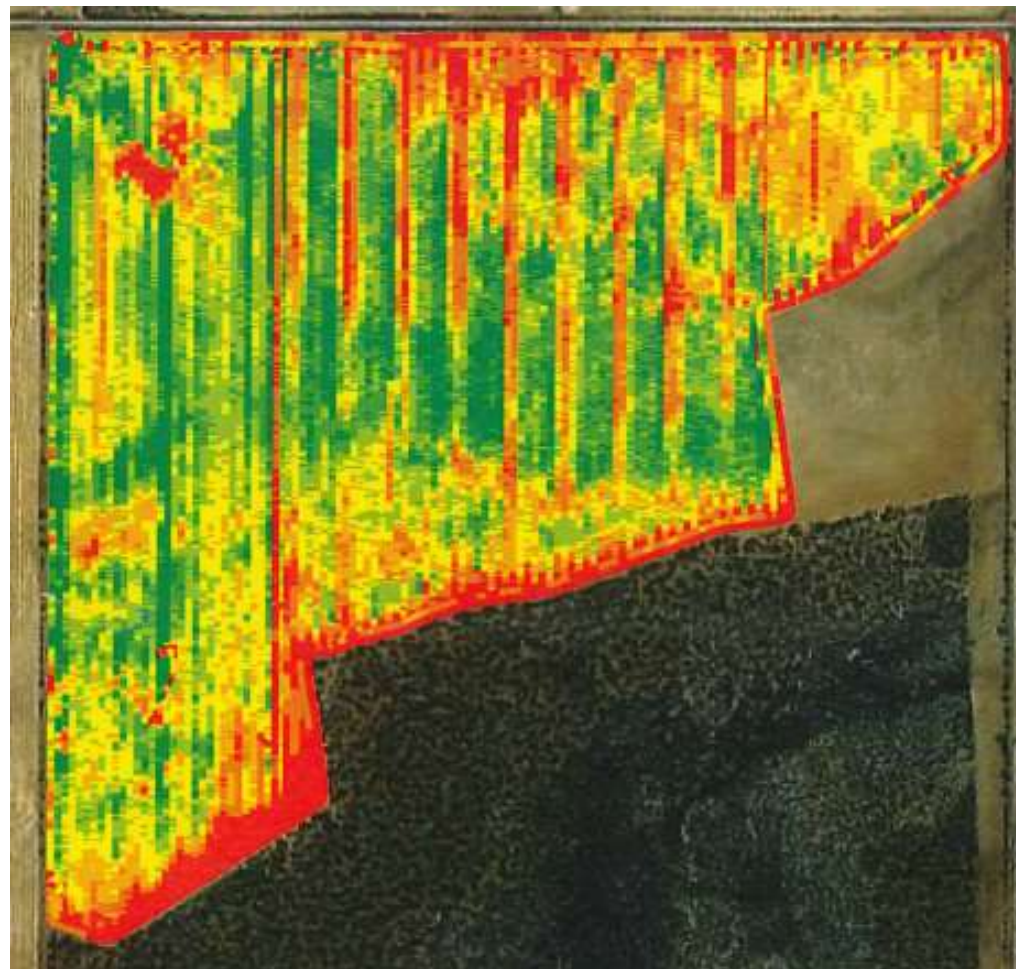
- **Shallow gravel**
- **Loamy sand over gravel**
- **Red sandy loam with clay increasing with depth**

Two years after lime incorporation (Tardun)



Annual Wheat Yields (Tardun)





AGRONOMIC DATA

DRY WEIGHT

239.41 t

AVG. DRY WEIGHT

1.57 t/ha

AVG. MSTR

10.97 %

AVG. SPEED

14.64 km/h

AREA WORKED

152.94 ha

WET WEIGHT

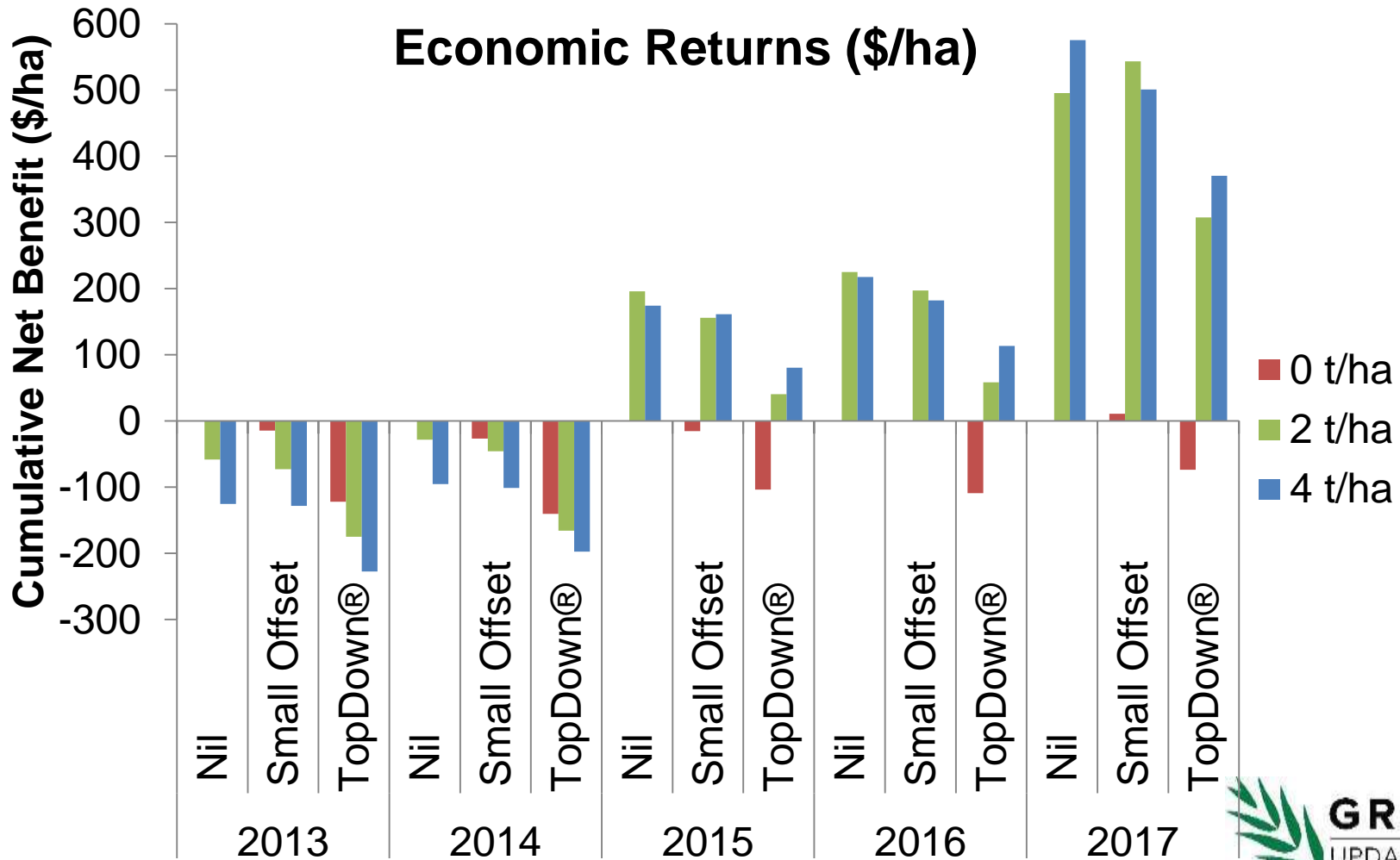
239.41 t

AVG. WET WEIGHT

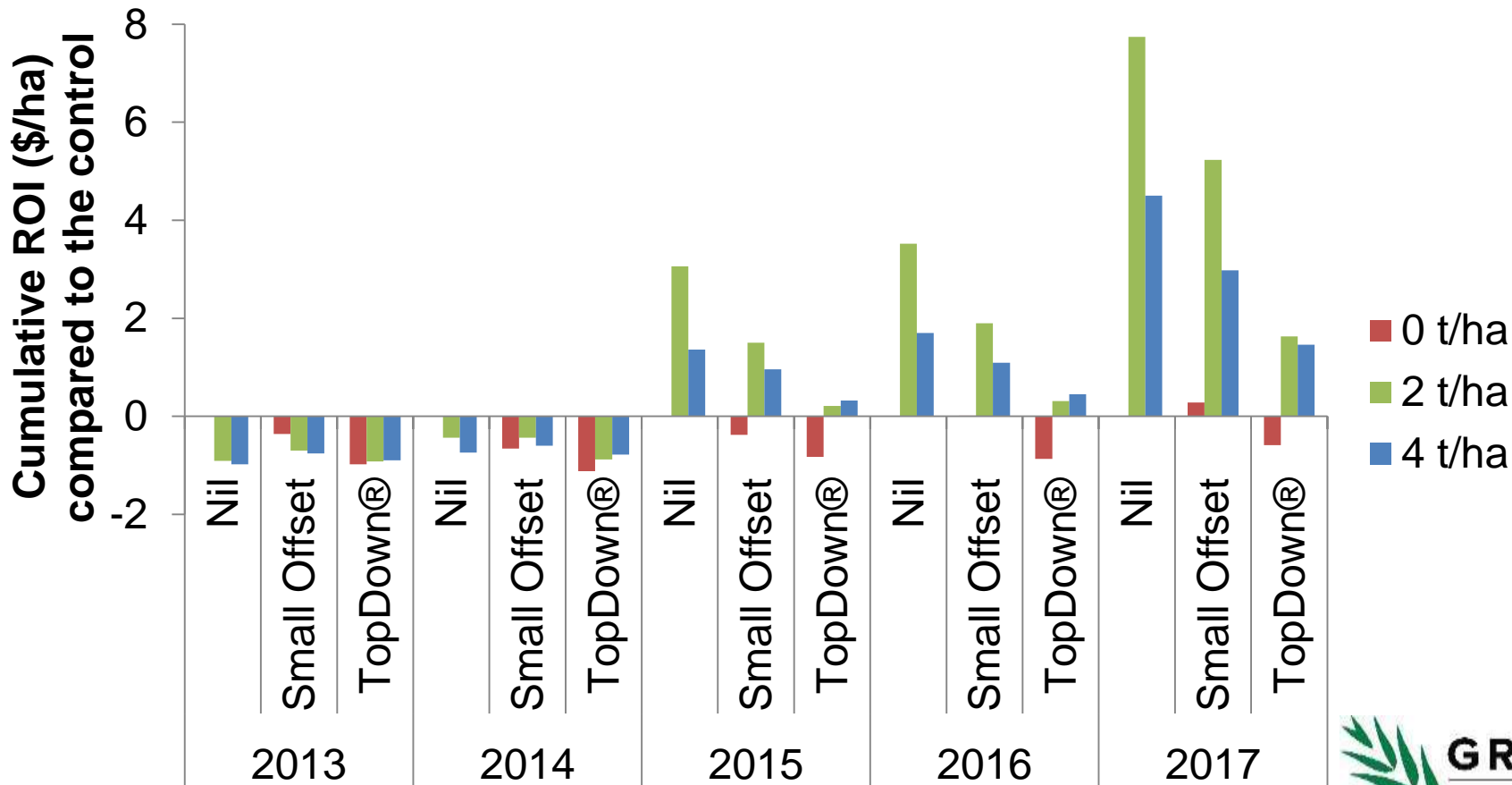
1.57 t/ha

LEGEND





Cumulative ROI (Lime - \$32/t after spreading)



Tillage Issues

- Too dry – *Mouldboard*
- Too wet – *Deep ripping*
- Seeding depth
- Erosion risk

- What is coming to the surface?



Surface drying out forming a crust





Tillage implements coming into play

- Large Offset (Grizzly)
- Heliripper
- Terraland
- Plozza plough (Larger discs for one-way plough)

Effective rotation

- Lime incorporation during a fallow year
- Canola giving a 'double fallow' effect
- Canola paying off lime incorporation quicker

Estimated Yield Increase Required

Tillage Treatment	Lime + Tillage Cost (\$/ha)		Breakeven Wheat Yield (\$275/t)		Breakeven Canola Yield (\$500/t)	
	2 t/ha	4 t/ha	2 t/ha	4 t/ha	2 t/ha	4 t/ha
Nil	120	240	0.44	0.87	0.24	0.48
Small Offset (\$40/ha)	160	280	0.58	1.02	0.32	0.56
Deep Rip (\$50/ha)	170	290	0.62	1.05	0.34	0.58
Large Offset (\$55/ha)	175	295	0.64	1.07	0.35	0.59
Spader (\$125/ha)	245	365	0.89	1.33	0.49	0.73

Summary

- Soil tests need to be carried out (Add it to the budget)
- Soil acidity needs to be addressed (Lime)
- Timing of tillage

Key message

- **If carrying out tillage for whatever reason then spread lime first to address subsoil acidity faster**

Thank you

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